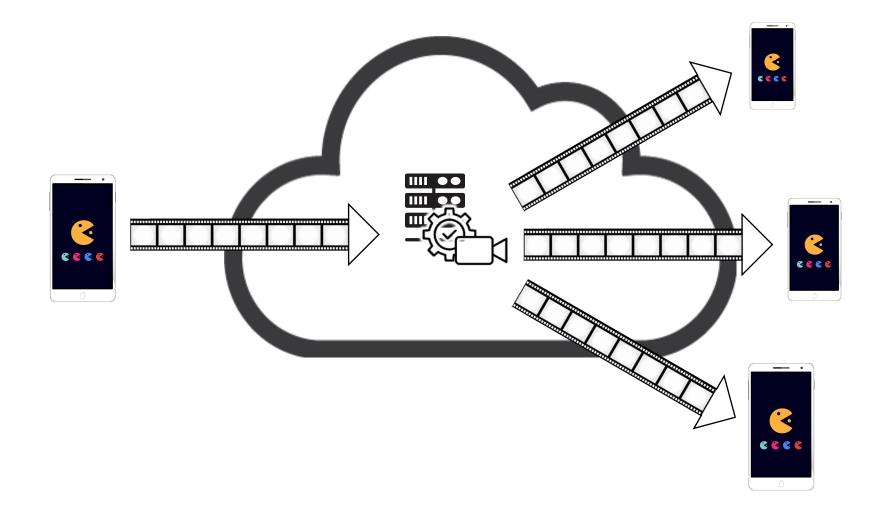
LevelUp: A Thin-cloud Approach to Game Livestreaming

Landon Cox (Microsoft Research) Lixiang Ao (UC San Diego)

Game Livestreaming

- Twitch
 - Average >2m concurrent viewers and >90k concurrent channels
 - >65m hours streamed and >1.5b hours watched per month
- Market size \$40b, expected to grow 18% per year

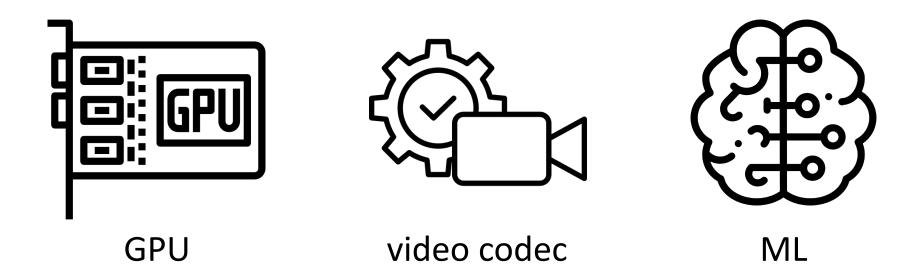
Game Livestreaming



Cloud-based Video Transcoding Is Expensive

- \$300+ to transcode 100 hours of video on Azure
- <\$20 to livestream 100 hours of single-bitrate video on Wowza
- Reason: Video transcoding is resource demanding, usually requires hardware accelerators in the cloud

Mobile Hardware Trends



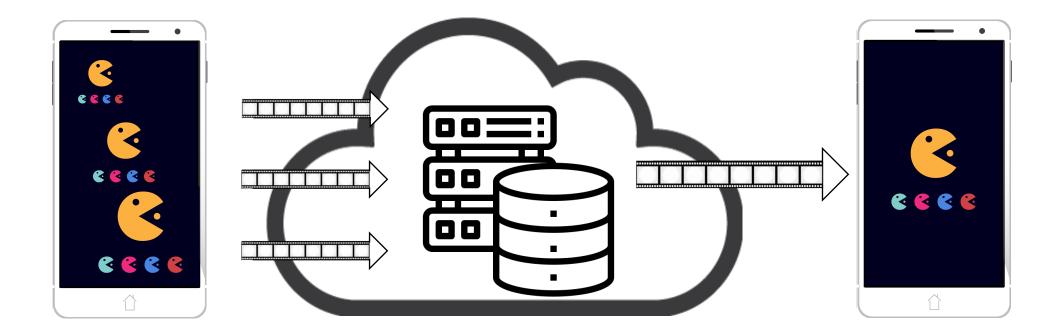
Mobile Hardware Trends

- As of May 2018, hundreds of millions devices equipped with powerful GPU/hardware codec/ML accelerators
- Most smartphones are expected to have ML accelerators in few years
- Combined capabilities of hardware accelerators on mobile devices are greater than the cloud
- The edge is ready to play a more central role in video livestreaming

LevelUp: A Thin-cloud Approach to Game Livestreaming

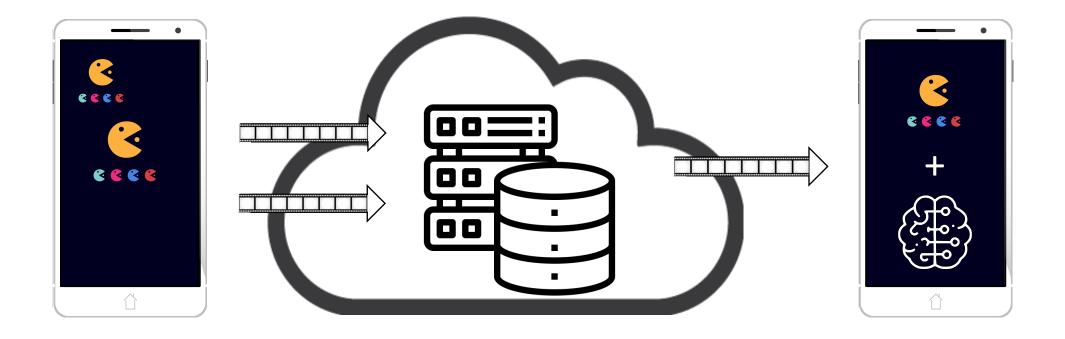
- Offload cloud-based transcoding by encoding multi-bitrate videos on broadcasters' smartphones
- In case of bandwidth constraints, viewers boost reduced-resolution video quality with super-resolution using ML
- Adopt game-specific CNN models to improve quality

LevelUp Design



What if bandwidth is not enough?

LevelUp Design – bandwidth constrained



Single-image super resolution (SR)

- CNNs upscale resolution of reduced-resolution images
- Mobile ML accelerators enable fast NN computation
- A lightweight CNN model of 4 layers is sufficient for LevelUp
- Different games have visual features, require different models
- Models are trained offline, downloaded to viewers before streaming

Broadcaster's video pipeline



Capture screen

Ħ

R

Resize to 3 resolutions

Encode segments

Upload to server

Send to HW encoder queue

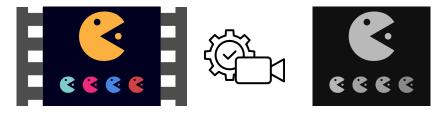
Viewer's video pipeline – without SR



Download video segment

Display

Viewer's video pipeline – with SR



Decode

Download video segment

Bicubic interpolate

SR

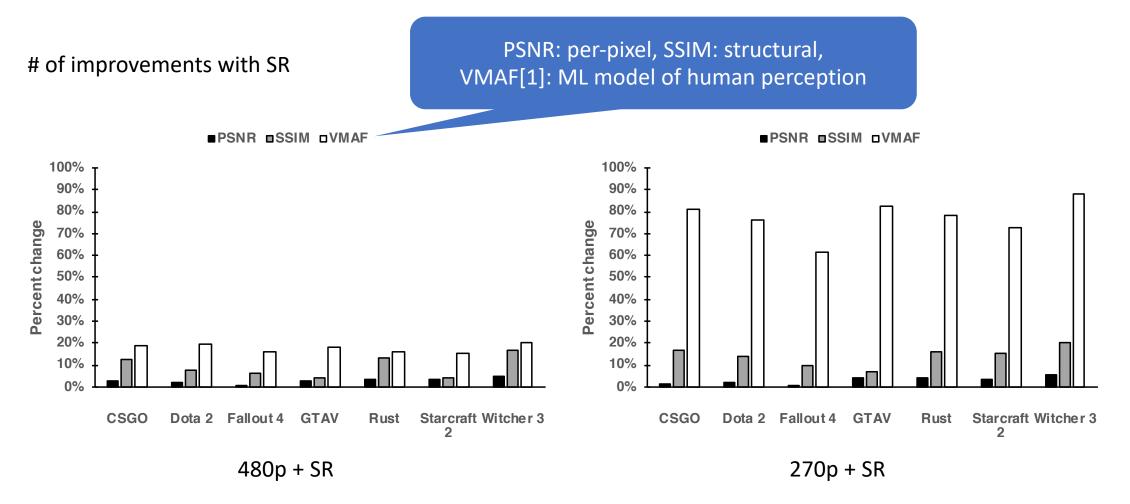


Merge, display

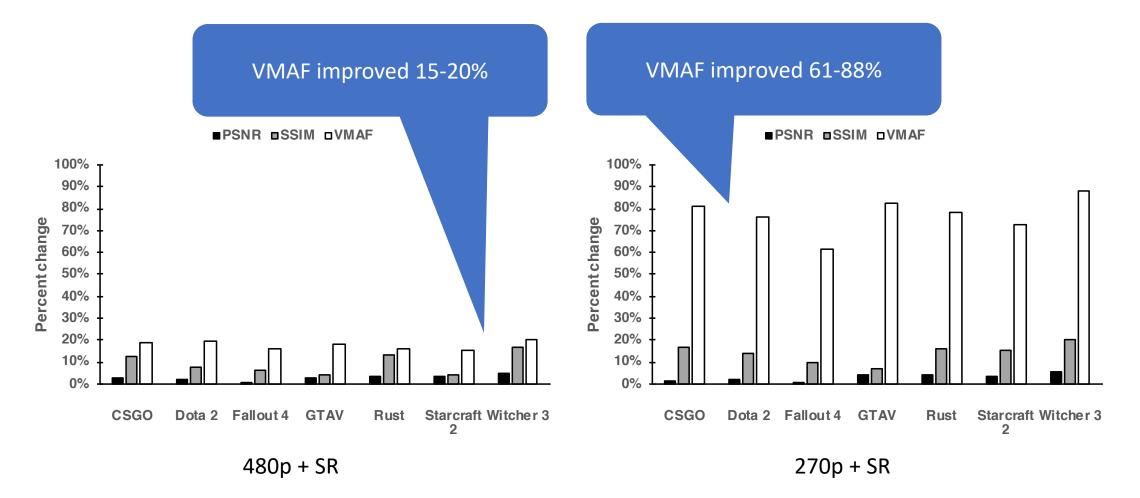
Separate grayscale, chroma

Evaluation

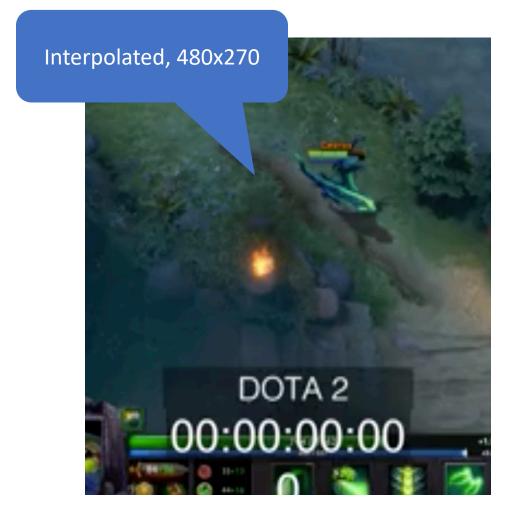
- Can super resolution improve the visual quality of reduced-resolution game streams?
- Can broadcasters perform multi-bitrate encoding in realtime?
- Can viewers super-resolve reduced-resolution video streams in realtime?
- What is LevelUp's energy overhead?

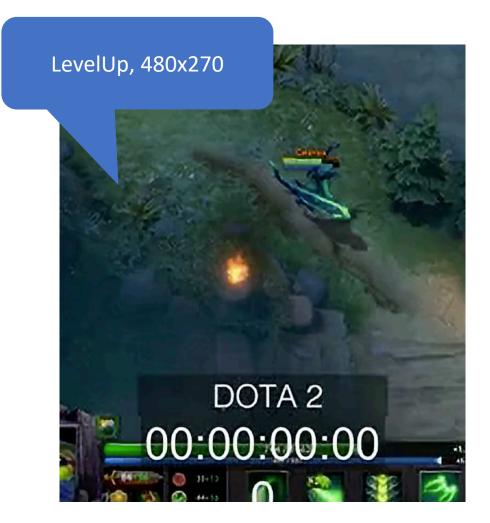


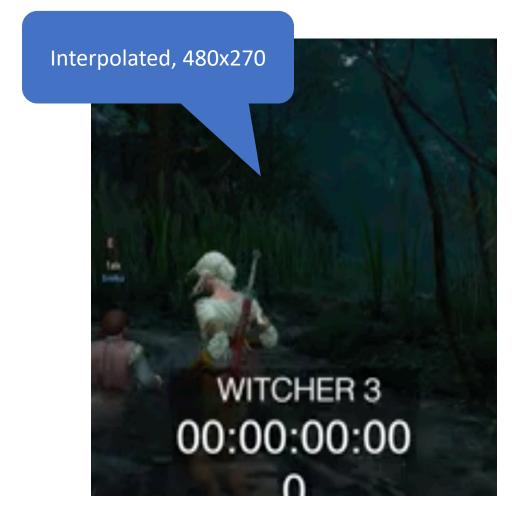
[1] https://github.com/Netflix/vmaf



[1] https://github.com/Netflix/vmaf

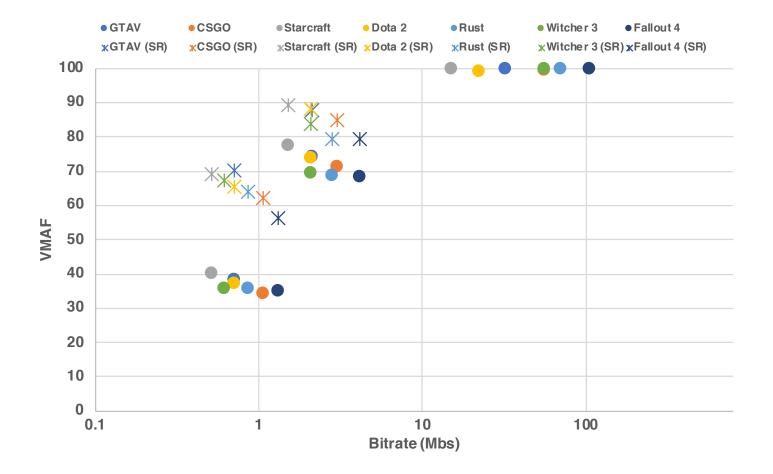




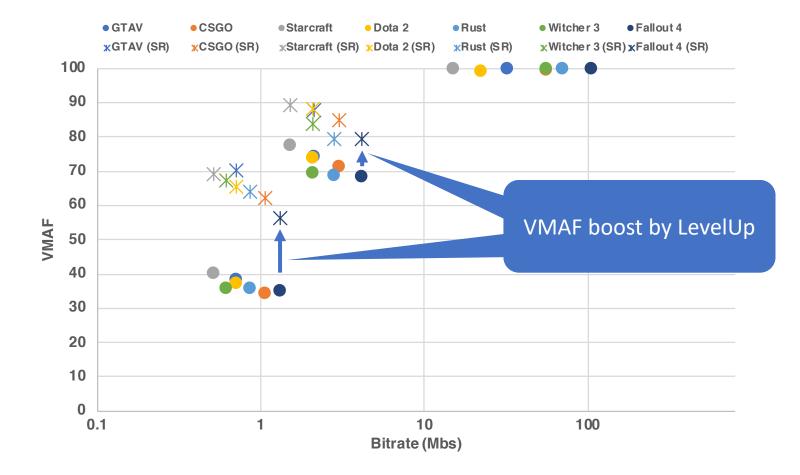




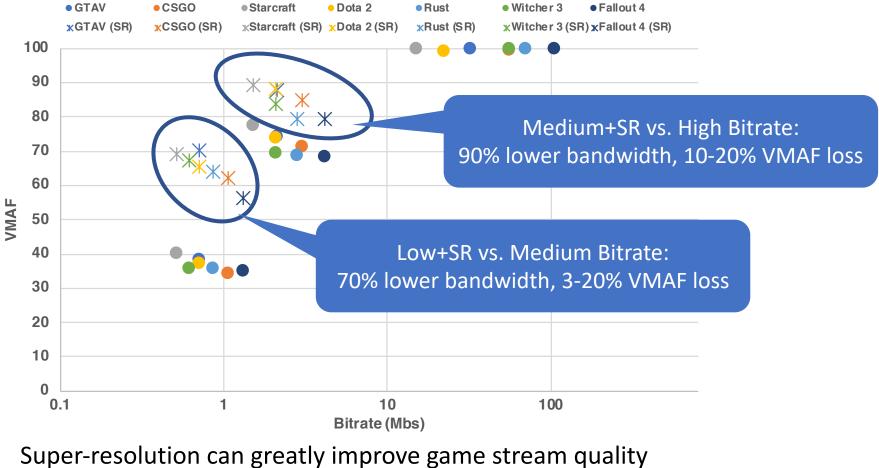
Quality vs. Bitrate



Quality vs. Bitrate



Quality vs. Bitrate

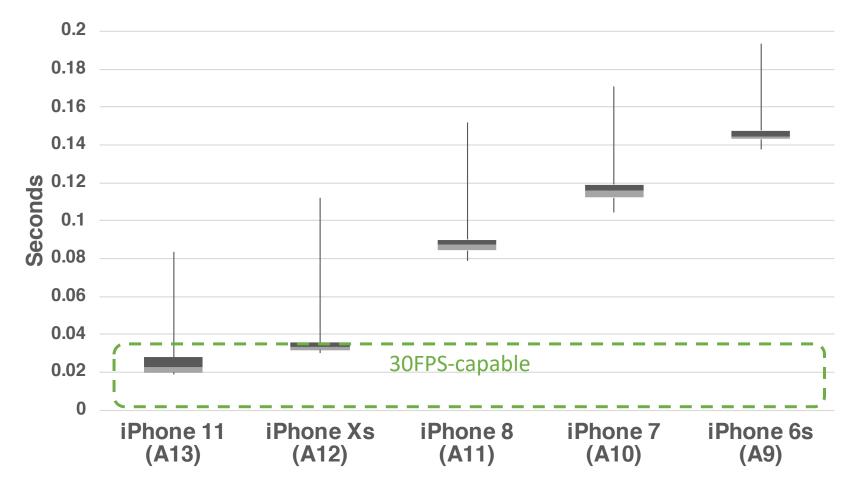


w/o extra bandwidth consumption

Can broadcaster encode multi-bitrate streams?

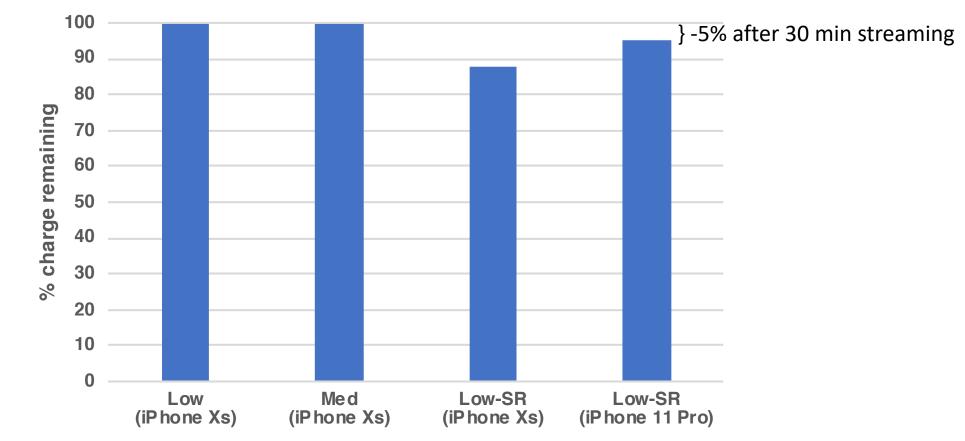
- Encode 3 2-second segments (1080p, 480p, 270p) at the same time
- Test on iPhone 11 Pro, the iPhone Xs, iPhone 8, iPhone 7, and iPhone 6s
- All devices can encode in realtime
- Multi-bitrate encoding is feasible on modern smartphones

Can viewers super-resolve video?



Recent smartphones equipped with ML accelerators can super-resolve gaming streams in realtime.

Energy overhead



LevelUp has small energy overheads even with super-resolution enabled.

Conclusion

- Game livestreaming is expensive due to realtime transcoding
- LevelUp can greatly reduces game livestreaming costs by leveraging smartphones for transcoding
- LevelUp uses super-resolution to boost quality for reduced-resolution videos by up to 88%
- LevelUp can transcode and super-resolve game streams in realtime using recent smartphone hardware accelerators

Thank you! Q & A

Landon Cox (Microsoft Research) landon.cox@microsoft.com Lixiang Ao (UC San Diego) liao@ucsd.edu